

Tracing the footsteps of our beloved Messenger 🛸







Some History...

9 AH

The āyah making ḥajj obligatory was revealed:

فِيْدِ آيَاتٌ بَيِّنَاتٌ مَقَّامُ إِنْرَاهِيْمٌ وَمَنْ دَخَلَهُ كَانَ آمِنًا ۖ وَبِلَٰهِ عَلَى النَّاسِ حِجُّ الْبَيْتِ مَنِ اسْتَطَاعَ إِلَيْهِ سَبِيَلًا ۚ وَمَنْ حَفَرَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفِيُّ عَنِ الْعَالَمِيْنَ

9 AH

The Prophet 🕷 sent Abū Bakr and 'Ali 🧠 to lead the pilgrims.

10 AH

The Prophet 🏶 performed ḥajj.

The Journey Begins!

Friday, 24 Dhul Qa'dah

The Prophet ﷺ reminded people of the purpose of hajj: "People, learn that Allah has ordained that hajj is a binding duty to you all, so perform hajj."

Saturday, 25 Dhul Qa'dah

The Prophet apperformed Dhuhr, applied perfume and started his journey. Thousands joined him: men, women, children; some walking, and some riding camels/horses.

The Prophet is left Abū Dujānah a in charge of Madinah. Just 5 years before, it was besieged by Arab tribes, but now Allah filled it with security & peace.

Dhul Hulayfah

- Dhul Hulayfah was used as a gathering place at it was an open plane.
 It is 10km from Madinah and the Prophet
 [®]/₈ arrived before 'Aşr prayer.
 He performed 2 units of 'Aşr and stayed the night.
- He visited all of his wives individually ensuring they were comfortable and well placed for the journey.
- During the night, Asmā b. 'Umays a gave birth to her son, naming him Muḥammad. The Prophet a ordered her to take a bath and perform all the rites other than tawāf.
- · He took a few sacrificial animals with him, distinctly marked.
- He then took a bath, applied oil & a sticky paste to his head. He took some of 'Å'ishah's to best perfume and applied it to his head and beard.
- He wore ihrām, prayed Dhuhr, rode his she-camel and glorified Allah.

The Best Friend

- Abū Bakr's luggage camel contained the food of the Prophet .
- This trip resembled a similar trip undertaken by the two 10 years ago, yet was so different in many aspects.

"While they both were in the cave, he reassured his companion, 'Do not worry; Allah is certainly with us.'" (9:40)

• The land was now under his authority. All the tribes that chased him on his first trip were now his followers on this one.



Think and Reflect Sabr is a HUGE part of hajj. Imagine the sabr of the Prophet and his companion. Through their sabr, the world transformed.

The Three Methods of Hajj

- He down was full of humility: he walked with the people no great carriage was prepared for him & no special tent erected for him.
- The echoes & sounds of Labbayk Allahumma Labbayk filled the air.
 People were around him in all directions. He was receiving Qur'ānic revelations. Jābir & says: "Whatever he did, we did likewise."
- The Prophet
 did qirān: Abū Bakr, 'Umar, Ṭalḥah, Zubayr & 'Abdul Rahmān b. 'Awf
 did the same.
- His wives did tamattu^c.
- · Majority of the companions performed ifrad.



On the Shoulders of Giants

 Upon passing Rawhā', he
 said: "70 Prophets went through the Rawhā' passage to perform hajj."



The Harsha Pathway

He then went passed through the Harshā Pathway. He
said: "I can
almost see (Prophet) Yunus b. Matta
riding a strong red camel,
wearing a woollen top garment, and the rein of his she-camel is made
of fibre, and he is reciting the talbiyah."



Al-Azraq Valley

He then went through the al-Azraq Valley. He
solid: "I can almost see (Prophet) Müsä
riding a red camel with a rope for his rein. His fingers are in his ears as he raises his voice reciting the talbiyah and passing through this valley."



Usfan Valley

- · He then passed the 'Usfān Valley.

O Think and Reflect

Hajj was performed by Prophets & Messengers: it is an act of worship which connects us to our deep heritage. We are taking the same road taken by earlier Prophets and will be taken by 'Isā when he comes.

🔗 Act

Du'ā' List: We should make du'ā' that just as Allah enabled us to follow their way physically, He will also place us with them in the eternal abode:

وَمَنْ يُطِعِ اللهُ وَالرَّسُوْلَ فَأُولَبِّكَ مَعَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ التَّبِيِّينَ وَالصِّدَيْعِيْنَ وَالشَّهِنَاءِ وَالصَّلِيْنَ وَحَسْنَ أُولَبِكَ رَفِيْقًا



The Teaching Never Ceases

- He
 would answer people's questions & guide them throughout the journey.
- Abū Taliq
 acame to the Prophet
 saying my wife asked me to give her a camel to ride on her pilgrimage, but I said it was dedicated for Allah's cause only. She also asked for some money but I said I had nothing other than what I would need on my journey. The Prophet then advised him saying: "Had you given her your camel, it would have been for Allah's cause and had you given her your money, Allah would have given you more."

Think and Reflect

Hajj is a reminder of the Hereafter. It is a sacrifice for Allah, and every action we do should bring us closer to Him.



Be generous during hajj

Racing For Rewards

- The caravan was getting closer to Makkah and reached the Jumdān Mountain (a mountain near Makkah). The Prophet and a said, "Keep walking, this is Jumdān. The Mufarridūn have outdone everyone." They asked, "Who are the Mufarridūn?" He are replied, "The men and women who frequently remember Allah."
- Some of the companions had raced ahead of others in this physical journey. The Prophet book this opportunity to remind them that the real journey is the **journey of the heart to its Creator**. And that the secret to racing ahead in this journey is abundant dhikr. Thus, the true winners are those who remember Allah the most.

Think and Reflect

Dhikr is the cornerstone of hajj.



Travel Troubles

- The Prophet
 shows unwell and suffered from migraines. He received
 cupping treatment on his head and foot.
- At 'Arj, Abū Bakr's & servant lost the camel which contained the provisions of the Prophet . Abū Bakr & was angered and hit the servant saying: "You had one camel to attend to and you lose him?!" The Prophet . then smiled and said to those around him: "Look at this man in iḥrām and what he is doing."

Think and Reflect

The Prophet @ was so caring and sympathetic to all. He taught his best friend that he should be more tolerant to his servant.



The Incidents of Our Mothers

- Şafiyyah & was upset as her camel refused to move during the journey. The Prophet & came to comfort her and wiped away her tears. However, she would not calm down despite his repeated attempts and hence he rebuked her.
- It was Şafiyyah's turn to spend the night with the Prophet but she asked Arishah turn to spend turn instead. He was surprised that Arishah turn and asked her why she came to which she replied: "It is Allah's bounty and He grants it to whom he wills."
- The Prophet
 [®] said to Zaynab b. Jahsh
 [®]: "Lend a camel to your sister" to which she replied: "Shall I lend a camel to your Jewess (Safiyyah was previously a Jew)?" This angered the Prophet
 [®] didn't speak to her until they returned to Madinah.

Think and Reflect

The companions are were humans. There will be moments during the journey where we may have troubles/difficulties in our relationships, however this is part of our test and we should do our best to control ourselves.



Camping at Sarif & Aishah 🧠

- The Prophet
 ^(a) camped at Sarif and told his companions: "Whoever does not have his sacrifice with him and wishes to make 'umrah may choose to do so" — Some did so, whilst others didn't.
- He found 'Ā'ishah
 weeping, whilst saying, "I wish I did not come for hajj this year... I am prevented from performing 'umrah." He then asked: "Perhaps you are on your period?" to which she replied in the affirmative.
- The Prophet
 consoled her, gently saying: "This is something that

 Allah has created women with... You will not be at a disadvantage.
 You do all that a pilgrim does, but do not perform your tawaf until you are clean from menstruation. Join the pilgrims so that Allah may grant it ('umrah) to you."

Think and Reflect

The Prophet 🎡 was the best to his family, displayed by the empathy and kindness he showed to them.

There is a wisdom in everything Allah has ordained. This trouble (for 'Ā'ishah) served as a relief, mercy and blessing for the women of the Ummah.

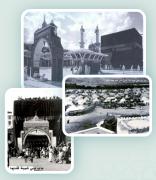


ENTERING MAKKAH



Coming Closer to His Beloved Hometown

- 8 days had passed since the blessed caravan had set off from Madinah.
- The Prophet
 encamped at Dhū Tawā (Jarwal), which was outside of Makkah, to rest at night and to ensure he was fresh and energetic to enter Makkah.
- He offered the Fajr prayer, advised his companions to do tamattu' and had a bath.
- Reciting the talbiyah loudly, the Prophet
 set entered Makkah on the morning of Sunday 4th Dhul-Hijjah.
- He dismounted, performed wudu and entered the masjid through the Banū Shaybah door (near Maqām Ibrāhīm).



The Blessed House

- The Ka^cbah, built by Ibrāhīm
 was now in its original form: free from idols, naked people and disbelievers.
- This space had transformed. A decade ago, he
 [®] received the worst
 form of treatment including constant ridicule & opposition.



The Truth Prevails

- Imagine, when the Quraysh tried to strangle him, and his best friend (Abū Bakr ,) came to rescue him saying: "Will you kill a man because he says my Lord is Allah?"
- 10 years later, in this moment, everyone in this sacred place and all those accompanying him, were now believers. In this moment, it was clear that Allah had fulfilled His promise to His Messenger .

Think and Reflect

Allah (a) never wastes the efforts of His servants. Sabr and perseverance are vital for the victory of Allah to arrive.



The Umrah

- He
 walked towards the black stone, put his hands on it, glorified

 Allah
 and kissed it, in a state of tears.
- He performed tawaf, jogging in the first 3 rounds and walking in the remaining 4 rounds.
- · Between al-Rukn al-Yamānī & the Black Stone, he said:

رَبَّنَا أَيِّنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَّفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَّقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ



Honouring His Grandfather

· After finishing tawaf, he then went to Maqam Ibrahim, reciting:

وَاتَّخِذُوْا مِنْ مَّقَامِ إِبْرَاهِيْمَ مُصَلًّى

- He performed 2 rak'ahs and recited Sürah al-Kāfirün (109) in the 1st rak'ah and Sürah al-Ikhläş (112) in the second.
- He then drank Zamzam and poured it over his head before returning to the Black Stone, kissing it and wiping it with his hands and face.

O Think and Reflect

Hajj connects us to our rich heritage and in particular to Ibrāhīm and his blessed family, their efforts, and Allah accepting their deeds.



Legacy of Hajar 🎕

The Prophet
 left the Masjid and as he approached Mount Safa, he recited:

إِنَّ الصَّفَا وَالْمَرْوَةَ مِنْ شَعَآئِرِ اللهِ أَبْدَأُ بِمَا بَدَأَ اللهُ بِهِ

Indeed, Şafa and Marwah are among the symbols of Allah (2:158). I begin with what Allah began with.

 He climbed Şafă until he could see the Ka'bah. He then faced the qiblah, proclaimed the Oneness of Allah and glorified Him, and then said 3x:

لَا إِلَّهُ إِلَّهُ اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيْكَ لَهُ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ الْحُمْدُ، وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرًا ، لَا إِلَهُ إِلَّهُ الَّبُخَزَارَ عِنْدُهُ ، وَنَصَرَ عَبْدَهُ ، وَوَتَمَ الْخُوَاتِ وَحْدَهُ

He made du'ā' in between each utterance of the above.

Think and Reflect

Sa'y is a physically demanding act, even today. Imagine thousands of years ago where the path between the two mountains was full of stones and rocks. Imagine Hājar a running between the two mountains, all alone; just her trust in Allah keeping her going – an act that Allah & loved so dearly, we continue to enact it to this day.

Crowds in Awe of the Beloved

- The Prophet
 then walked towards Marwah. At the bottom of the valley, he started jogging and after passing the middle of the valley, he continued walking to Marwah. He walked up the mountain until he could see the Ka'bah and repeated what he did at Şafā.

O Think and Reflect

Imagine 23 years ago, when he climbed the same mountain (Mount Şafā) and called his people to the worship of the One True God, and they said to him: "Woe to you! Is this why you gathered us?!" — Today, this mountain is echoing with Allahu Akbar and La ilaha illa Allah!





Release From Ihram

- The Prophet
 asked his wives to release themselves from iḥrām, to which they all complied other than Arishah
 as she was on her period.
- Hafşah asked him why he may wasn't doing so. He replied: "I had applied a sticky paste to my head and marked my sacrifice therefore I cannot release myself from iḥrām until I have slaughtered my sacrifice."
- The companions felt uneasy about releasing themselves due to: (i) In pre-Islamic days, doing 'umrah in the month of the pilgrimage was a grave sin; (ii) They wanted to follow the Prophet
 who was still in the state of iḥrām; (iii) They found it strange not to be in iḥrām when the days of ḥajj were so close.
- The Prophet
 felt their reluctance and was angry. He addressed the
 people starting with praising Allah and then said: "You know that I
 have the most taqwā amongst you... Do as I tell you. If it were not
 for the fact that I brought my sacrifice with me, I would have released
 myself from ihrām as you do. Were I to start again, I would have not
 brought my sacrifice with me."
- The companions complied immediately & obeyed him as they always did – may Allah be pleased with them!
- Surāqah b. Mālik a asked whether tamattu' was applicable to all years. The Prophet a replied in the affirmative and said, "'Umrah is intertwined with the hajj until the Day of Judgement."

Abtah

- After finishing 'umrah, the Prophet
 and his companions stayed at Abtah from Sunday-Wednesday (4 days).
- He was very caring & empathetic and didn't go to the Ka'bah on those days as it would have been difficult for all of his companions to do so.
- The Prophet should start and tent. After performing his ablution, Bilāl
 took the remains of ablution water and sprinkled it on the people who then wiped it on their bodies to gain the blessings.



Emulating The Prophet 🋞

- Abṭaḥ was the meeting ground for people who were unable to be with the Prophet during the journey from Madinah to Makkah:
- Abū Mūsā al-Ash'arī a: made the same intention as the Prophet abut didn't bring an animal so the Prophet abut didn't bring an animal so the Prophet abut didn't bring and release himself from iḥrām.



The Care & Compassion of The Prophet 🎡

- The Prophet
 went to see Sa'd b. Abī Waqqāş
 who was ill. He
 found him weeping as he "feared that he may die in the land he had emigrated from" i.e Makkah.
- He had one daughter and he asked the Prophet
 ⁽¹⁾
 ⁽²⁾
 ⁽²⁾
- He then asked the Prophet
 [®] to pray for his cure. The Prophet
 [®] placed his hands on Sa'd's
 [®] forehead and wiped his face, chest and stomach and said "My Lord, cure Sa'd... bestow Your grace on Sa'd."
- Sa'd local and local and local and local and subsequently had 34 children.

Think and Reflect

The Prophet @ was so caring & compassionate; despite his task of leading the ummah, he did not forget the weak and ill and provided tranquillity & comfort to them.

Yawm al-Tarwiyah

7 Dhul-Ḥijjah

After Dhuhr prayer, the Prophet 🌧 explained the rituals of ḥajj to his companions.

8 Dhul-Ḥijjah

(Day of Tarwiyah): At midmorning, the Prophet 🌧 went to Minā, with his companions resuming their iḥrām. They performed Dhuhr, 'Aṣr, Maghrib, 'Ishā' and Fajr, shortening the 4 unit prayers into 2. They prayed these at the normal times.

Think and Reflect

At every place & in every situation, the Prophet 🌧 gave a lesson; he truly was the best teacher.

Şall Allāhu 'alayhi wa sallam.

THE BEST DAY OF THE YEAR

'Arafah – 9th of Dhul-Ḥijjah



Towards Arafah

- Friday 9th of Dhul-Hijjah: The Prophet
 and his companions
 marched from Mina to 'Arafah via the Dabb route. The air was full of
 loud voices of Allah's praise. Some were repeating the talbiyah, others
 la ilaha illa Allah, and some Allahu Akbar.
- He arrived at Namirah (situated just before 'Arafah) and stayed there until after the sun started to move down (approx. 12:30pm).
- He then rode his she-camel and went to a spacious area (^cUranah valley) so people could see & hear him.



The Farewell Sermon (Part 1)

- All eyes and hearts were focused on the Messenger of Allah as he said: "Listen to me. You may not see me after this year."
- · He started by praising & glorifying Allah, and delivered key messages:
 - Upholding human dignity "Hurt no one so that no one may hurt you."
 - Honour & respect the rights of women "Fear Allah in your treatment of women... take good care of (them)."
 - Staying away from interest "Allah has decreed that no usury is permitted."
 - 4. Everyone is equal in the sight of Allah "An Arab has no superiority over a non-Arab... a white has no superiority over a black – except by piety and good action."
 - 5. Stay away from Shaytan & hold on to the Qur'ān and Sunnah.



The Amanah Has Been Fulfilled

- The sermon was repeated loudly, sentence by sentence by Rabi'ah b.
 Umayyah b. Khalaf ... His father was killed by the Muslims in the Battle of Badr, but now the son was repeating the Prophet ... 's words. There were no grudges and the light of Islam extinguished all ill feelings and desire for revenge.
- The Prophet
 asked "People, have I faithfully delivered unto you my message?"
- A powerful reply vibrated in the air: "O Allah! Yes!" Thousands of pilgrims replied saying "Allahumma Na'am". The Prophet in raised his forefinger and said: "O Allah bear witness that I have conveyed Your message to Your people."
- Upon finishing the speech, Biläl *i* alled the adhān and iqāmah. They offered the Dhuhr prayer, called the iqāmah again and performed 'Aşr, shortening the prayers.

Think and Reflect

The Prophet a started the day early, shortened his speech and combined the prayers to devote the rest of his time to **glorifying Allah & making du'ā**². Hajj is about strengthening your bond with Allah and spending time in intimate conversation with Him **1**

The Prophet and experienced 23 years of hardship & sacrifice, remaining steadfast and exercising immense patience. He was driven out of his home, humiliated and hurt for the greatest purpose of delivering the Divine message.

The Mount of Mercy

- The Prophet is mounted his she-camel and stopped at the bottom of the Mount of Mercy. He faced the qiblah, raised his hands and repeated the talbiyah.
- He continued teaching and was asked about hajj to which he replied:
 "The hajj is attendance at 'Arafah."
- He also made clear that no place in 'Arafah has a special distinction & told Ibn Mirba' to tell the people: "Be sure to attend to your worship. You have inherited this from your first father, Ibrāhīm."



The Religion Has Been Perfected

- One pilgrim fell off his camel, broke his neck and died instantly. The Prophet
 said: "He will be resurrected on the Day of Judgement saying the talbiyah."
- On that day, the following verse was revealed:

"Today I have perfected your faith for you, completed My favour upon you, and chosen Islam as your way" (5:3)

 'Umar , was tearful upon hearing this, realising that the death of the Prophet was imminent as his job was complete.



Du'a & Forgiveness

- The Prophet
 spent the rest of the day at 'Arafah in passionate du'ā'

 glorification of Allah.
- · He repeatedly said:

لَا إِلٰهَ إِلَّا اللهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيْكَ لَهُ ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ ، ولَهُ الْحَمْدُ ، وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرٌ

· He also repeated the talbiyah and was heard saying:

لَبَّيْكَ، إِنَّ الْعَيْشَ عَيْشُ الْآخِرَةِ

- He spent approximately six hours in continuous du'ā'. He was so focused on making du'ā' that even when the rein of his camel fell down, he grasped it with only one hand, and left his other hand raised towards the sky. How strong was his connection with His Lord!
- The Messenger of Allah
 said: "The best du'ā' is the du'ā' of the Day
 of 'Arafah."

Think and Reflect

After years of struggle in conveying the message of his Lord, the whole of the Arabian Peninsula comes under his control and finally accepts his message. Yet, gathered on the plains of 'Arafah, at his highest point of victory, we do not witness parades or displays of pomp. Rather we witness nothing but humility and turning to Allah in desperate need.

Despite being over 60 years old, undertaking a long journey from Madinah to Makkah, and being responsible for huge crowds, none of it came in the way of worshipping His Beloved &!

Jibril Descends With Good News

- 'Umar & asked whether this was specific to them, to which the Prophet & replied: "It applies to you and to all who come after you until the Day of Judgement." 'Umar & then said: "Allah's grace is plentiful and beautiful!"
- The Messenger of Allah
 [®] said: "There is no day in which Allah sets free more slaves from Hell-fire than the Day of 'Arafah. Indeed, He draws near, and He then boasts about them to the angels and says: 'What do these (slaves of mine) want?'" (Muslim)



Muzdalifah

- After the sun had set, the Prophet set off for Muzdalifah, advising:
 "People, remain calm and proceed easily... there is no virtue in rushing."
- Upon reaching Muzdalifah, he got off his camel, performed wudū' and Bilāl & called the adhān. The Prophet & and his companions combined both Maghrib & 'Ishā'. He did not offer any sunnah prayers in between them.
- The Prophet an approved Sawdah's an request to proceed to Minā ahead of the people, due to her old age. 'Aïshah an says she wished she had also asked for the same.
- The Prophet set slept in Muzdalifah till just before dawn, leaving out the tahajjud prayers (which he never missed).



Concern & Care for Others

- He is asked his uncle 'Abbäs is to "take our weaker ones and our women so that they may offer Fajr at Minā so that they may do the stoning at 'Aqabah before the crowd catches up with them."
- The Prophet
 performed Fajr at its beginning time. He mounted his camel and went up to Mt. Quzah; facing the qiblah and lifting his hands, he thanked, praised & glorified Allah:

فَإِذَا أَفَضْتُمْ مِّنْ عَرَفَاتٍ فَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ عِنْدَ الْمَشْعَرِ الْحَرَامِ

· He also made du'ā' and constantly recited the talbiyah.



During hajj, always be considerate to the weak and elderly. Think of others first, and do not be selfish.



THE GRAND DAY OF HAJJ

10th of Dhul-Ḥijjah



The Best Example

- The Prophet a asked his young cousin, Fadl b. 'Abbās a to pick 7 small stones for him, and then raised them to show the people how the pelting should be done. He then left Muzdalifah before sunrise.
- Usāmah b. Zayd 🚓 & other young men jogged to Mina.
- The Prophet A moved at a normal pace, telling the people to remain calm.
- The Prophet
 then reached the Jamaråt with Bilål and Usämah b.

 Zayd
 to his sides, one holding his she-camel and the other, shading him
 with his robe. Upon throwing each stone, he said "Allahu Akbar".

O Think and Reflect

Bilāl was a black, former slave. Usāmah was the son of former slaves. The Prophet shows the out of everyone, and practically demonstrated the beauty and justice of Islam.



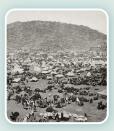
The Best Teacher

- A woman came to ask the Prophet
 a question and the Prophet
 moticed Faql

 was looking at her. He thus, turned his cousin's head away from the woman.

Think and Reflect

The Prophet () was accessible to all, even a young woman. He was also very understanding of the feelings of men and women and showed them how to behave.



The Farewell Sermon (Part 2)

- The Prophet
 asked Jarir b. 'Abdillah
 to gather the people as he wanted to speak to them.
- 1

Your blood, property and honour are forbidden for you (to claim unlawfully) just like the violation of the sanctity of this day in this month.

- 2 A true Muslim is the one who keeps all Muslims safe from his tongue and hand.
- 3 A true Believer is the one whom people trust with their lives and property.
- 4 A Muhājir (migrant for Allah's sake) is the one who abandons all sins.
- 5 A Mujāhid (striver) is the one who strives in obedience to Allah.
- 6 Parents should not harm their children & vice versa.
- Protect yourself from Shayțān.
- B Three vital things for a believer: ikhlāş (sincerity), giving sincere advice to those in authority & staying with the Muslim community.

The Mission Has Been Accomplished

- The Prophet
 ^(a) concluded with: "I do not know whether I will meet
 you after this day. May Allah have mercy on anyone who listens to my
 words, understands and conveys them to others."
- He also requested: "Let those of you who are present inform those who are absent."
- He
 then lifted his head to the sky and said: "Have I delivered my message?", to which the people replied: "Yes". He then said: "My Lord, bear witness!" thrice.



The Questions Continue...

- · People came to him from all directions asking questions.
- One man asked: "I have shaved my head before stoning."
 The Prophet
 told him: "Do the stoning now, there is no harm."

 Others asked: "I performed tawāf before stoning", He
 replied once again, "There is no harm."
- Some asked whether they should seek medical treatment to which he replied: "Yes.. Allah has not placed an illness without creating a cure for it, except for one disease (old age)."
- He was also asked what the best thing was that people were given to which he replied: "Good manners."
- The Prophet shows the went to his place in Minā (where Masjid al-Khayf is now located). The companions asked whether they could erect a structure to give him shade. He shows a "The space in Minā is for whoever comes first" and he did not want to distinguish himself from the pilgrims.



The Day of Sacrifice

- The Prophet
 then went to a place in between where he was staying (Masjid al-Khayf) and the first Jamarah to sacrifice the animals.
- He
 sacrificed 63 camels with his own hands (equating the years of his life). He told 'Alī
 to sacrifice the rest and cook a portion for them to eat. He also told the companions: "Whoever wishes to take a portion may do so."
- His companions asked him whether they could preserve the meat as they were forbidden in the previous year to keep it for more than 3 days [as there were lots of delegations which arrived in Madinah, it was a 'year in which people were facing hardship' and the Prophet so wanted the Muslims to help one another.]
- The Prophet
 [®] replied in the affirmative saying, "Now I make it
 permissible for you. Eat what you wish, feed others and preserve
 what you can."
- He also asked his servant, Thawbān to take care of the meat (i.e. dry it) and the Prophet and at of it until he arrived back to Madinah.
- He
 also sacrificed a cow on behalf of all of his wives.



Always Bringing a Smile to Others

- After finishing his sacrifice, Ma'mar b. 'Abdillāh to came to the Prophet to shave his head.
- The Prophet
 joked with him saying, "Ma'mar, Allah's Messenger lets you have his head when your blade is in your hand". Ma'mar replied saying, "This is a favour Allah has bestowed upon me" to which the Prophet
 replied, "Then I will sit still for you."
- The companions surrounding the Prophet were eager to not allow a single hair to fall to the ground and instead collected it.
- Upon shaving the left part of the his head, the Prophet a called upon Abū Ţalḥah a and gave him all the hair from his left side.
- The Prophet shows the prayed for people who shaved their heads 3 times: "Allah, bestow your mercy on those who shaved."

O Think and Reflect

Abū Ţalḥah ♣, his wife Umm Sulaym ♣ and his step-son, Anas ♣ served and welcomed the Prophet ∰ in Madinah. The Prophet ∰ chose this day to repay the favour, and honour Abū Ṭalḥah ♣ and in what a blessed way! Allāhu Akbar!

The Blessing of the Prophet 🋞

- The Prophet
 headed for Makkah and performed tawāf on his shecamel so that people could see him and access him easily.
- Upon finishing tawaf, he performed the 2 rak'ahs of tawaf.
- He so then went to where his uncle 'Abbās a so was giving people a drink of water infused with dates/raisins to sweeten the salty water. 'Abbās a saked his son Faql a to go home and bring a drink from home, but the Prophet a wanted a "drink from what you serve to people". The Prophet drank from it, saying "You have done well. Carry on with this good work."



Serving the Pilgrims

- He
 then went to the Zamzam well and saw people from the family
 of 'Abdul Muttalib working there, pulling out the water. He also
 commended them saying "Carry on with this good work".
- He drank the water and said: "Had it not been for fear that you may be overwhelmed, I would have worked with you" i.e. He was fearful people may treat it as a sunnah and thus most would want to do it causing congestion.

Think and Reflect

Imagine, the Prophet a accomplished all of this: stoning at the Jamarah, giving a speech, answering questions, assigning camping places, slaughtering 63 animals, shaving his head, changing his clothes, going to Makkah, doing tawāf, blessing people and then going back to Minā, all in the space of half a day. Allah blessed him and his time immensely, and he was thus able to deliver the enormous message in 23 years of his blessed life too. Sall Allāhu 'alayhi wa sallam.



THE DAYS OF EATING, DRINKING & DHIKR

11th-13th of Dhul-Ḥijjah (The Days of Tashriq)



The Mountains of Mina Echo With Takbir

- The Prophet
 stayed in Minā for the rest of the day, shortening his
 prayers in congregation in Masjid Khayf, saying: "70 Prophets offered
 prayers here". The masjid was open and without walls.
- The Prophet sime with remembering Allah and glorifying Him (2:203). Everyone around him followed suit:

وَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ فِيَّ أَيَّامٍ مَّعْدُوْدَاتٍ



Your Blood, Property & Honour

 On the 11th of Dhul-Hijjah, the Prophet a climbed on a grey mule to deliver a speech, with the following messages:

All believers are brothers. Everyone has been created equal – the only distinguisher in front of Allah 🏯 is taqwā

Be kind to your slaves

Your blood, property & honour are forbidden for you

Think and Reflect

On three consecutive days, which are the most sacred days of the year, the same message was repeated: Your blood, property and honour are forbidden for you just like the violation of the sanctity of this day, in this month and this city.

Stoning the Jamarat

- - Starting at the first one, he threw 7 small stones, glorifying Allah with each stone. He then walked away from the crowd, stopped and faced the qiblah, continued to praise Allah & and made du'ā' for a very long time (equivalent to the time it takes to recite Sūrah al-Baqarah).
 - He then walked to the second Jamarah doing the same as the first, but making du^cā' for an even longer period.
 - He then walked to Jamarah al-'Aqabah, threw 7 stones, glorifying Allah with each one, and walked away without stopping.
- · He repeated the above on both the 12th and 13th of Dhul-Hijjah.



Allah's Favours Are Plentiful

- The Prophet
 spent 3 days at Minā.
- After finishing the rituals at Minā on the 13th of Dhul-Ḥijjah, he meanped at Khayf Banī Kinānah.

Think and Reflect

15 years ago, in the same place, the Quraysh and the Banū Kinānah tribe made a treaty to boycott the Banū Hāshim and Banū 'Abdul-Muttalib clan (The Prophet's relatives) to suppress the Prophet and his message. Yet, 15 years later, the light of Allah had spread, despite the attempt of the disbelievers. Allah granted the Prophet ag a great victory: **He perfected His grace upon him** and made the religion of Islam complete.

At Khayf Banī Kinānah, he offered Dhuhr, 'Aṣr, Maghrib & 'Ishā'. People started to leave for home but he told them: "No one should leave without **bidding farewell to the Ka'bah**."

Our Mothers & The Care of The Prophet 🍰

- 'Â'ishah , wanted to perform an 'umrah as she was previously unable to do so due to her period. The Prophet btl dher she did not need to do so but she was very keen so he sent her with her brother 'Abdul-Raḥmān to al-Tan'im to put her iḥrām on from there and perform 'umrah.
- The Prophet A found his wife \$afiyyah I looking upset as she had started her period and thus was unable to perform the farewell tawaf.
 He reassured her by saying that the tawaf on the 10th was sufficient for her and she did not need to do the farewell tawaf.
- Umm Salamah a was unwell and could not perform the farewell tawaf with the rest of the people. The Prophet a dvised her to do her tawaf on the camel whilst the people were performing the congregational prayer.

Think and Reflect

The Prophet a was so kind, considerate and compassionate towards his wives. Due to their various issues, the women of the ummah have concessions for years to come. This is all part of Allah's immense mercy.



The Last Prayer By The Blessed

- The Prophet
 went to the Haram to perform the farewell tawaf before dawn on the 14th of Dhul-Hijjah.
- He
 then led the final prayer by the House of his Beloved (i.e. Ka'bah):

 Fajr, reciting Sūrah al-Ṭūr.
- He
 then left Makkah, taking the Kuday route, until he arrived at Dhū Tuwā. He stopped there waiting for the rest of his companions to catch up.

Think and Reflect

The mission had been accomplished and the message had been delivered. These were an immensely blessed 10 days. No one imagined that as he **(a)** was bidding them farewell, he was also bidding farewell to this world. No one imagined that it would only be two months and a few days when he **(a)** would leave this world and be **united with his Lord**. Sall Alláhu 'alayhi wa sallam.

A SALE

وصلى الله على نبينا وحبيبنا وقدوتنا محمد وعلى آله وصحبه وسلم تسليما كثيرا

May Allah allow us to follow in the footsteps of His beloved and grant us his companionship in the next world. May He grant us all an accepted and truly transformational hajj. Āmīn. These pages are based on the following book. Please refer to the book for individual references.

May Allah bless the author and the translator, and make their efforts weigh heavy on the Scales on the Day of Judgement.

